

The CCR Matrix

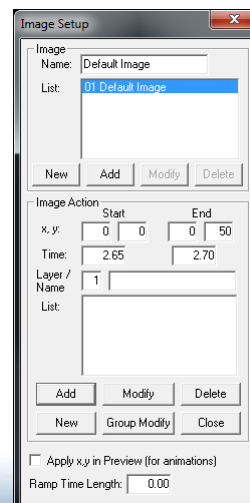
- The CCR Matrix is made by mounting Cosmic Color Ribbons horizontally on a frame. The Matrix used in this presentation will be made from 12 CCRs. Each CCR has 50 pixels, so we end up with a matrix that is 50 pixels wide by 12 pixels tall.
- The smallest useful matrix would be made from 4 CCRs cut in half to make 8 half length ribbons. You would end up with a matrix that is 25 pixels wide by 8 pixels tall.

What we will learn

- We will show how a series of **images** can be placed at different locations on the CCR matrix to create an animation.
- **Image actions** can be used to move an image across the CCR matrix.
- **Copy – Paste** is useful to copy individual images or groups of images.
- **Group Modify** can be used to move groups of images.

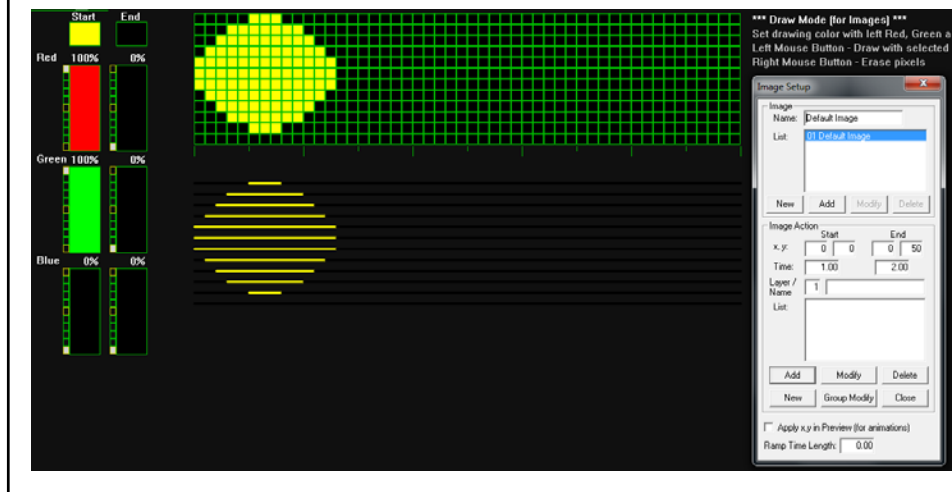
The Image

- Tools / Images... will launch the Image Setup dialog box



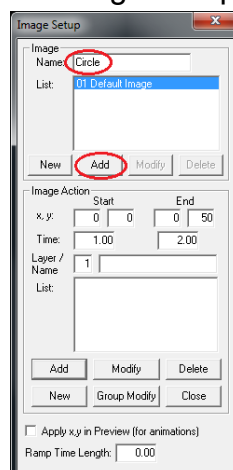
Pacman

- Draw a yellow circle as pictured



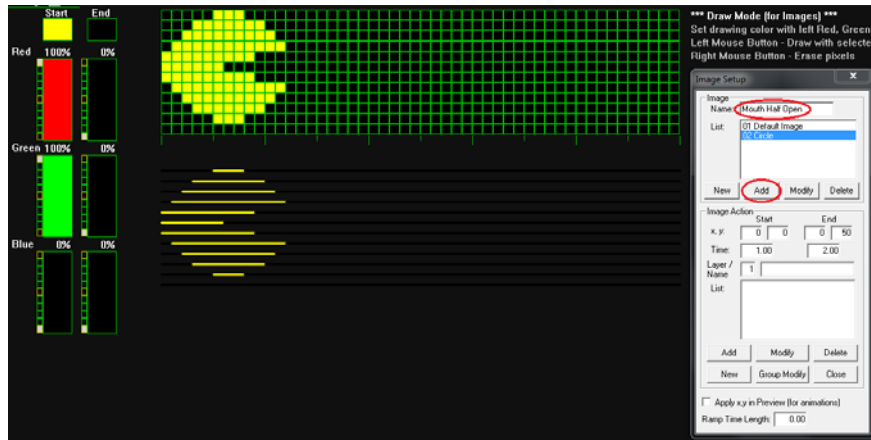
Add the Image

- Type **Circle** for the Image name and click on **Add** in the Images section of the Image Setup dialog box.



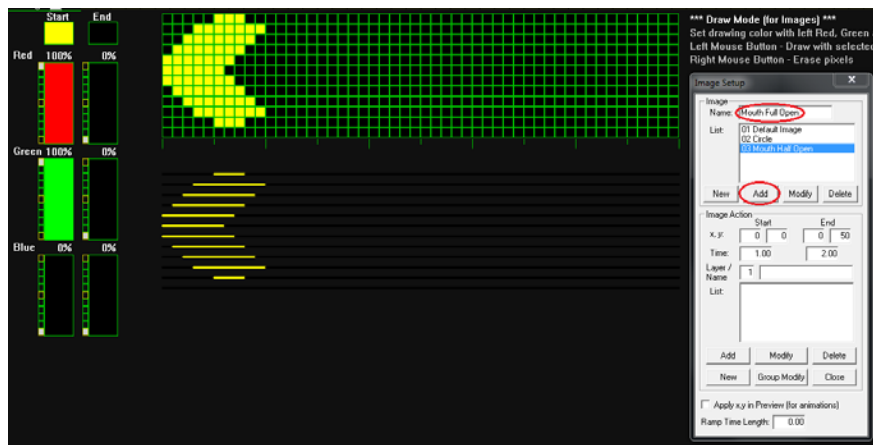
Mouth Half Open

- Use the right mouse button to erase some pixels to make an image like in the picture below. Type **Mouth Half Open** for the Image Name. Click on Image **Add**.



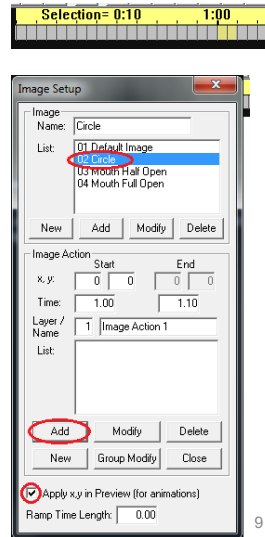
Mouth Full Open

- Use the right mouse button to erase some more pixels to make an image like in the picture below. Type **Mouth Full Open** for the Image Name. Click on Image **Add**.



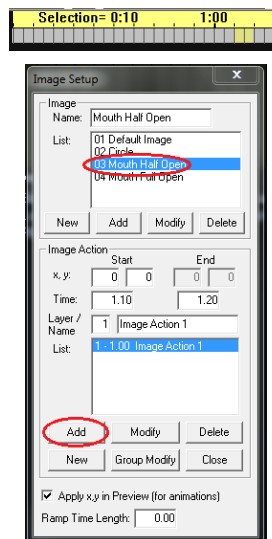
Create Circle Image Object

- Select at 1.00 – 1.10 seconds
- Check [Apply x,y in Preview](#) (for animations)
- Select the [Circle](#) image
- Click on [Add Image Action](#)



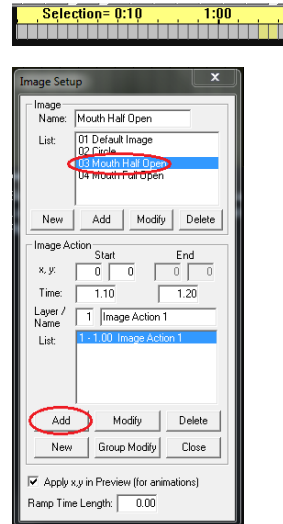
Create Mouth Half Open Image Object

- Select at 1.10 – 1.20 seconds
- Select [Mouth Half Open](#) image
- Click on [Add Image Action](#)



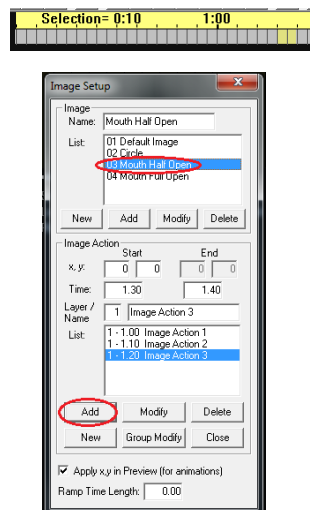
Create Mouth Full Open Image Object

- Select at 1.20 – 1.30 seconds
- Select **Mouth Full Open** image
- Click on **Add** Image Action

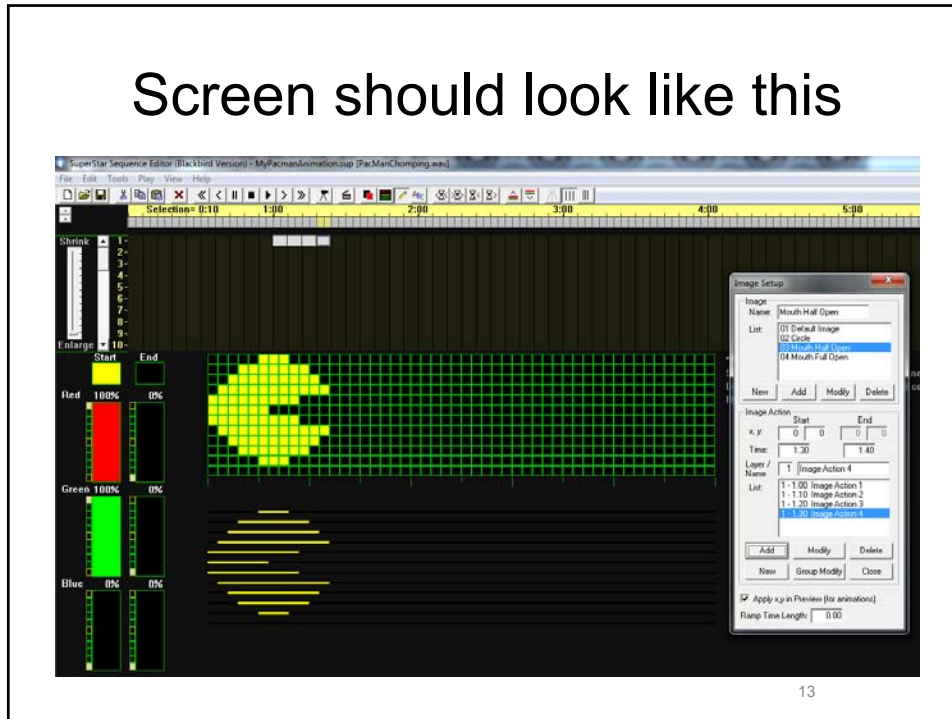


Create Mouth Half Open Image Object Again

- Select at 1.30 – 1.40 seconds
- Select **Mouth Half Open** image
- Click on **Add** Image Action

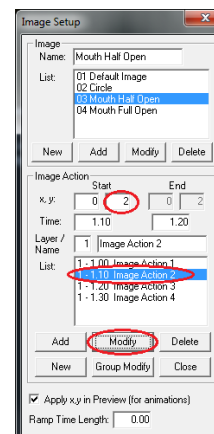


Screen should look like this



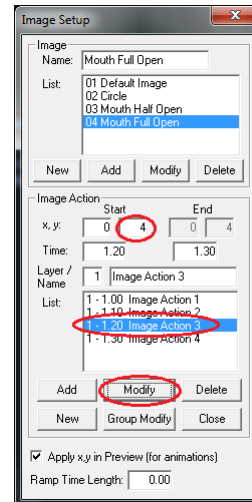
Reposition Second Image Object

- Play it and the mouth should open and then half close.
- To see it in slow motion, select **Play / Speed 1/2x**
- We want Pacman to move two pixels each frame. We will leave the first image where it is at.
- Select the second image object
- Type **2** for the Y coordinate
- Click on **Modify**
- The Preview of the Image should move to the right 2 pixels



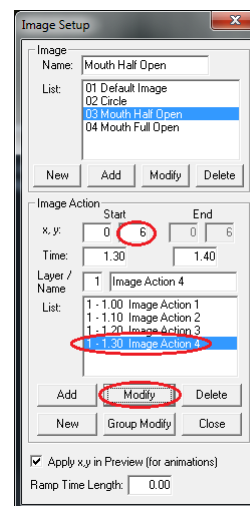
Reposition Third Image Object

- Select the third image object
- Type **4** for the Y coordinate
- Click on **Modify**
- The Preview of the Image should move to the right 4 pixels







Reposition Fourth Image Object

- Select the fourth image object
- Type **6** for the Y coordinate
- Click on **Modify**
- The Preview of the Image should move to the right 6 pixels



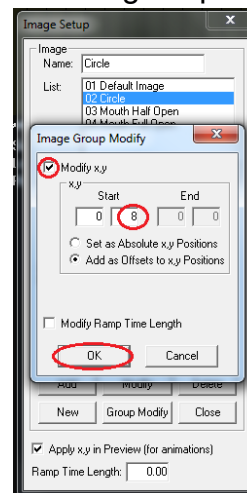
Pacman now Moves

- Play it and you should now see Pacman move as he opens and half closes his mouth.
- We want these 4 frames to play over and over
- Select all four Image objects 
- Click on Copy 
- Select at 1.40 
- Click on Paste 
- You should now have 8 image objects



Déjà vu all over again

- Play it and the animation jerks back to its original position during the last 4 frames.
- To keep Pacman moving...
 - Select the last four Image Objects
 - Click on Group Modify
 - Check Modify x,y
 - Type 8 in the y field
 - Click on OK
- This will add 8 to the y position for the selected Image Objects

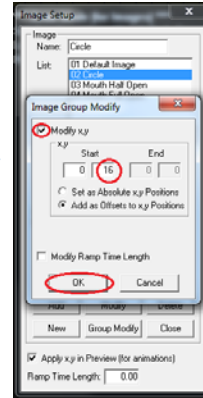


Pacman keeps moving

- Play it and Pacman should keep moving now.
- To make him move further, Copy all 8 Image Objects and Paste onto the end, now there are 16 Image Objects

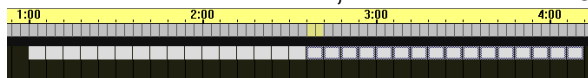


Click on **Group Modify**
 Check **Modify x,y**
 Type **16** in the y field
 Click on **OK**

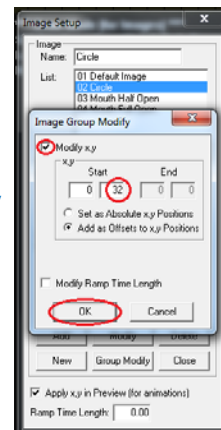


Pacman moves further

- Play it and Pacman should keep moving now.
- To make him move further, Copy all 8 Image Objects and Paste onto the end, now there are 16 Image Objects



Click on **Group Modify**
 Check **Modify x,y**
 Type **16** in the y field
 Click on **OK**



Exercise

- Add some Image Objects to the beginning so that Pacman appears from the left and disappears on the right

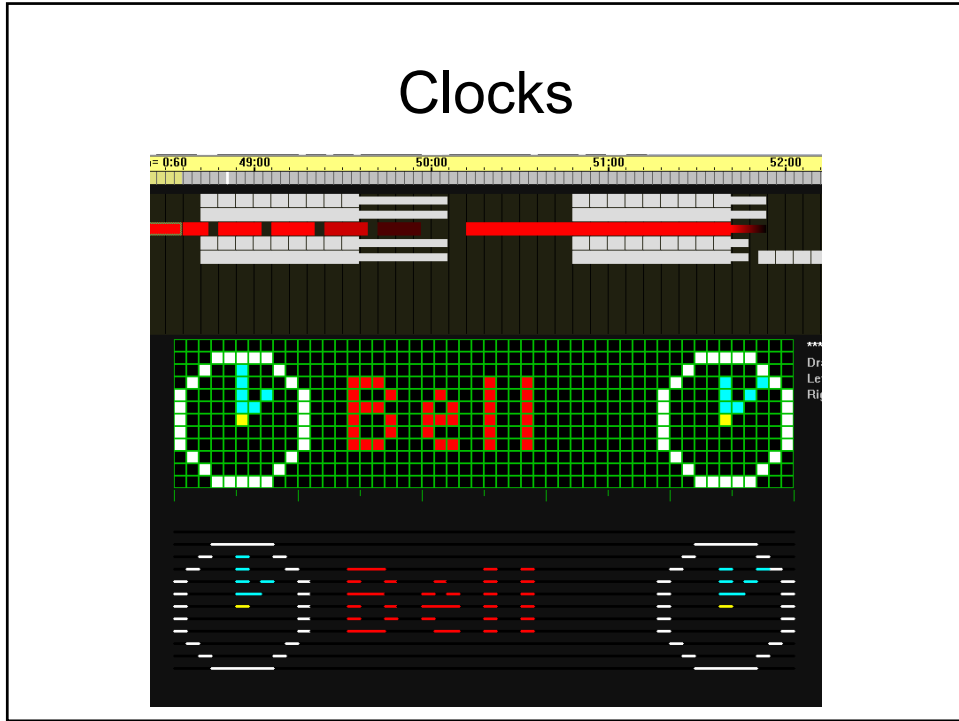
Jingle Bell Rock Animations

- In the sequence “Jingle Bell Rock” there are four animations we can take a look at.

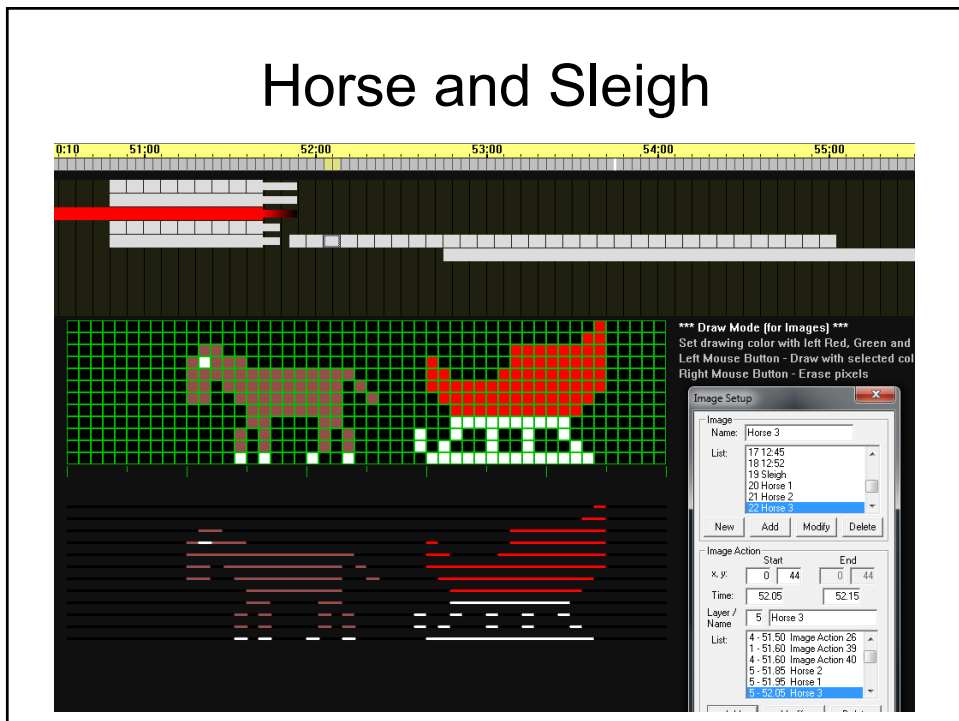
The Clocks

- At 48.7 seconds there are two clocks
- Note that the outside circle of the clock is one image
- There are 8 separate images used to animate the hands
- Each clock is different, I was experimenting to see which would look best and I ended up keeping each one
- The next slide is a screen shot of the clocks

Clocks



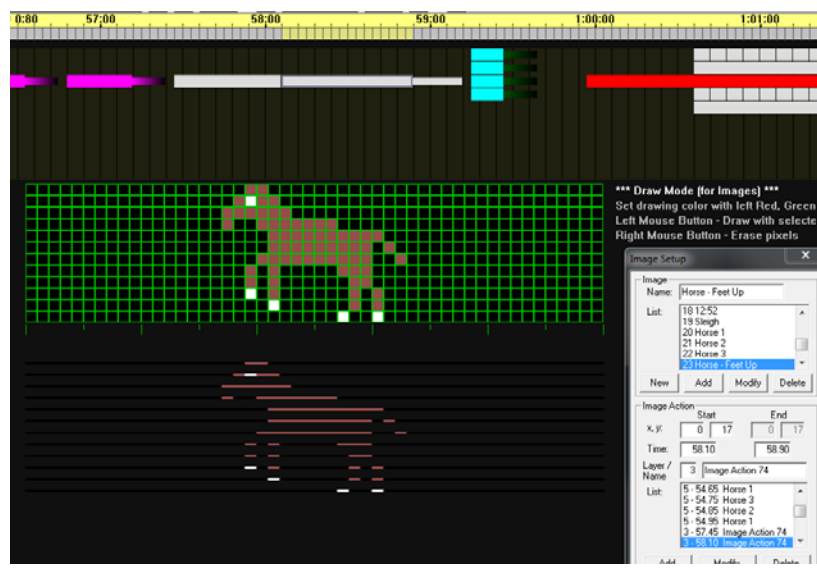
Horse and Sleight



Horse and Sleigh Discussion

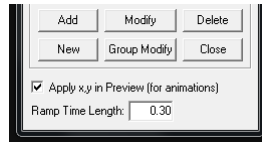
- The horse is animated using 3 frames that are repeated over and over, similar to how we did Pacman.
- The Sleigh is one Image Action. The Sleigh Image object is given a start coordinate and an end coordinate and the software moves the sleigh from one end to the other.

Jingle Horse Pick up your Feet

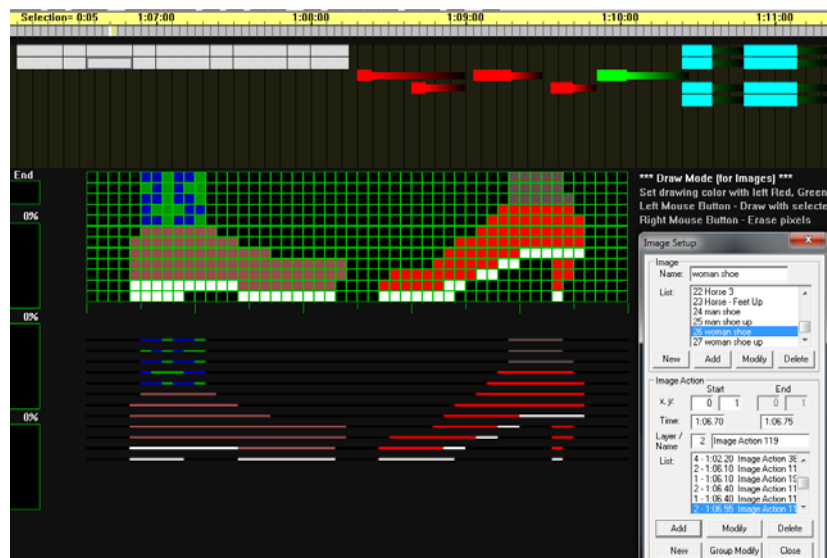


Pick up your Feet Discussion

- Two Image Objects are used to make the horse pick up his feet. Even though it is only two frames, I get more comments on this animation than I do the horse and sleigh!
- As the second horse image disappears, it goes to white and then fades. The software does this for any Image that has a Ramp Time Length greater than zero.



Jingling Feet



Jingling Feet Discussion

- Interestingly, this animation is also done with only two different Images of feet, yet I get even more comments on this one than the horse picking up it's feet.
- The women's ankle is a dark color on the computer screen, but realize that all the colors get brighter on the actual CCRs.



Animation Limitations

- With a matrix of 12 CCRs you have 50 x 12 pixels to work with.
- 50 x 12 is a lot of pixels, but compared to a computer screen it is not much.
- Realize that you cannot draw detailed pictures
- I get requests for an "Import Image" feature. I would like to do this eventually, but realize that an imported picture of a horse isn't going to look as good as the one I drew. There is a skill to drawing pictures at low resolution that still look good. It is a skill that humans can do better than computers.

